

Message

From: Echeverria, Marietta [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=36C56B7169144626BD6AADEA25992D4E-MARIETTA ECHEVERRIA]
Sent: 10/27/2020 5:35:27 PM
To: Stacey.VanBelleghem@lw.com; Philip.Perry@lw.com
CC: Kenny, Daniel [Kenny.Dan@epa.gov]; Hathaway, Margaret [Hathaway.Margaret@epa.gov]; thomas.marvin@bayer.com; george.sabbagh@bayer.com
Subject: FW: Concurrence Requested ASAP - Dicamba Bulletins Live Language

Stacey and Phil,

Given Bayer's email issues today, Tom Marvin requested that I forward this to you. We are looking for concurrence asap. Thank you.

Regards,
Marietta

Marietta Echeverria, Acting Director
Registration Division
Office of Pesticide Programs
Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
703-305-8578

From: Hathaway, Margaret <Hathaway.Margaret@epa.gov>
Sent: Tuesday, October 27, 2020 1:19 PM
To: George Sabbagh <george.sabbagh@bayer.com>
Cc: Dixon Monty USGR <monty.dixon@syngenta.com>; Echeverria, Marietta <Echeverria.Marietta@epa.gov>; Kenny, Daniel <Kenny.Dan@epa.gov>; Steven Callen <steven.callen@bayer.com>; Jeffrey H Birk <jeffrey.birk@basf.com>
Subject: Concurrence Requested ASAP - Dicamba Bulletins Live Language

Dear George:

EPA requests concurrence asap with the following language regarding hooded sprayers for BLT language associated with the dicamba decision:

“To protect federally listed threatened and endangered species, both a 310-foot in-field wind-directional spray drift buffer and a 57-foot omnidirectional in-field buffer are required. **If applying with a qualified hooded sprayer**, both a 240-foot in-field wind-directional spray drift buffer and a 57-foot omnidirectional in-field buffer are required to protect federally listed threatened and endangered species. Please see [URL] for a list of qualified hooded sprayers.

The following areas may be included in the buffer distance composition when directly adjacent to the treated field edges:

- Roads, paved or gravel surfaces, mowed grassy areas adjacent to field, and areas of bare ground from recent plowing or grading that are contiguous with the treated field.
- Planted agricultural fields containing dicamba-resistant plantings of cotton and soybeans.
- Areas covered by the footprint of a building, silo, or other man made structure with walls and or roof.”

Thank you,

Margaret Hathaway (Meg)
Senior Regulatory Specialist
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

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